ARMY WAR COLLEGE, MHOW AUGUST 2009:

Presentation

By
Colonel Amardeep Bhardwaj

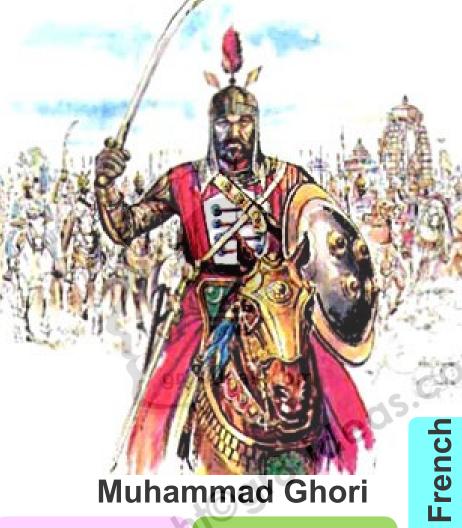


Alexander

Changez Khan



Babur



The British

The Portuguese

Timur Lane

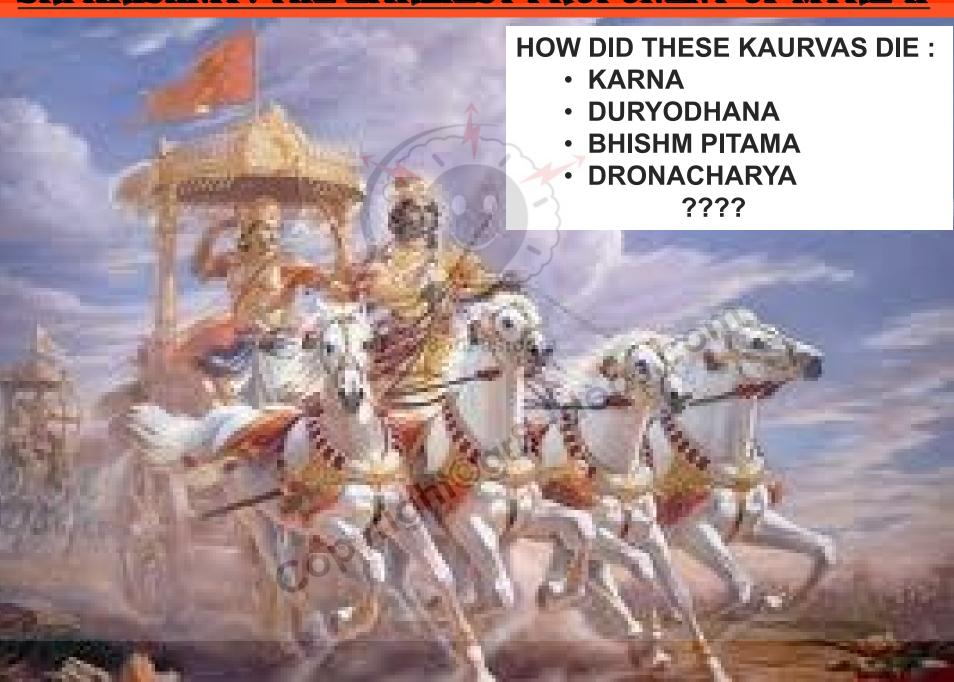


Mahmud Ghaznavi

WE LEARN FF DHARAM YUDH ORY THAT

'WE DO NOT KOOT NITI OM HISTORY'

SRI KRISHNA: THE EARLIEST PROPONENT OF MYRE W



MVRE WARFARE

"WHOEVER WISHES TO MASTER THE ART OF MVRE W, MUST STUDY IT CONTINUOUSLY. I AM OF THE OPINION THAT ONE LIFETIME IS NOT ENOUGH TO ATTAIN THIS GOAL." Frederick II



SESSION 1: DEVELOPING A BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF MVRE W

CobAughtedus

THE THREE LEVELS OF WARFARE

• TACTICAL

• OPERATIONAL

MYREW

• STRATEGIC

IF MVRE WARFARE DWELLS PRINCIPALLY IN THE 'OPERATIONAL' DOMAIN, WHY ARE WE STUDYING IT AT THIS (TACTICAL) LEVEL?

- THE MOST IMP THING THAT A STUDENT OF TACTICS

 MUST LEARN IS HOW BATTLE OR ENGAGEMENT FITS

 IN TO THE GREATER PLAN.
- IT HELPS HIM SEE 'BEYOND THE FIGHT'.
- IT PUTS EVERYTHING IN PERSPECTIVE.
- "HOW CAN WE TEACH WHAT WE OURSELVES DON'T UNDERSTAND TOO WELL" IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE EXCUSE.
- GENERALS ARE, AFTER ALL, FORMER LIEUTENANTS.

THE FIVE BASIC PRINCIPLES OF MVRE W

"To win one hundred victories through one hundred battles is not the acme of skill. To subdue the enemy without fighting is the supreme skill".

Sun Tzu

AVOIDING COMB / DENYING BATTLE

- We are constantly taught how to 'give' battle. Just pause and think, "Have we ever been taught when, and how, to 'deny' battle?"
- Should we not have a choice between when to fight and when not to?
- Mvre Warfare suggests:
 - -Accept battle only when necessary
 - -If you have to fight, avoid the en's strength and <u>attack his weakness</u>.



WITHOUT FIGHTING.

e.g. DISINTEGRATION OF THE SOVIET UNION

Therefore :--

- An op cdr must first decide whether to accept battle or decline it through manouevre.
- If he chooses to fight, there better be a good reason for it
- That reason must be <u>directly related</u> to the <u>campaign</u> plan because fighting a battle, even winning it, constitutes a failure if it does not <u>directly contribute</u> to the op cdr's campaign plan.
- Conversely, a battle even if lost, can still be used to further the campaign plan.
- Let us not stumble in to battle
- Be lured in to battle when, and where, we do not want to fight it
- Repeatedly reinforce operational / campaign failure in the name of tactical success.

LET US GET OUR TERMINOLOGY RIGHT



CAMPAIGN

OPERATION

BATTLE

ENGAGEMENT

WINNING THE WAR / CAMPAIGN IS THE **SOLE AIM** OF FIGHTING. THE AIM IS NOT TO ATTACK THE EN, TO CAPTURE GRND OR DESTROY HIM.

MVREIS NOT A WAY OF MOVING BUT A WAY OF THINKING

MVRE WARFARE LIES PRINCIPALLY IN THE PSYCHOLOGICAL PLANE
WHEREAS
MOVEMENT AND MOBILITY LIE IN THE PHYSICAL PLANE

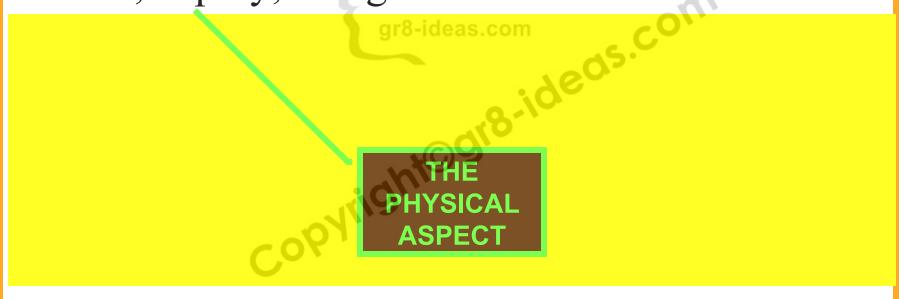
IN MVRE W THE PRIMARY OBJ IS THE EN'S MIND, NOT HIS BODY

MYRE W HAS LITTLE TO DO WITH ETHICS BUT EVERYTHING TO DO WIN WINNING THE WAR

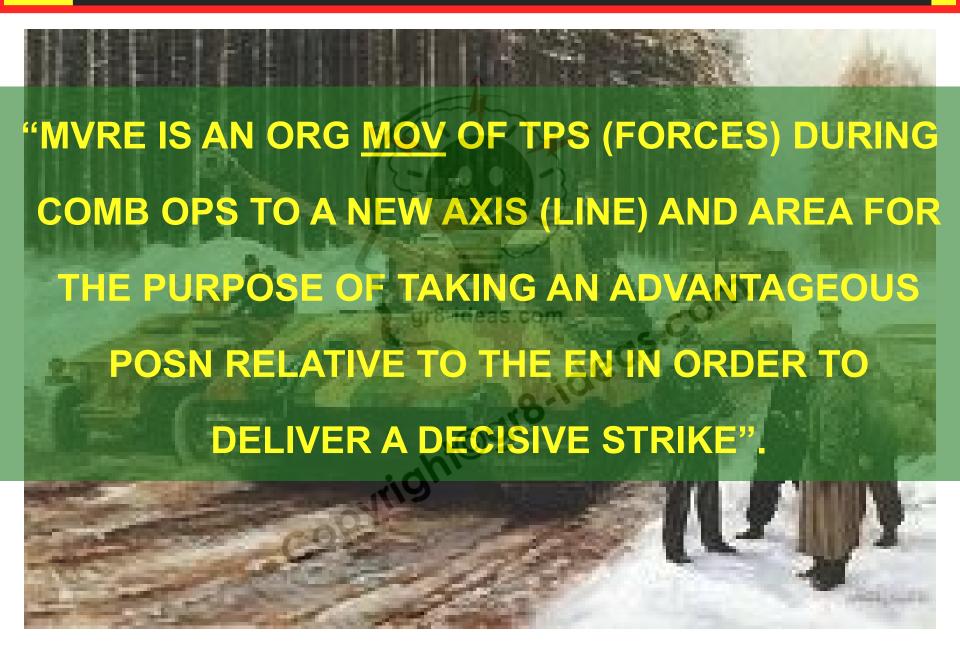
MVRE W IS, TO PUT IT SIMPLY, A KICK IN THE GROIN, A POKE IN THE EYE, A STAB IN THE BACK. IT IS QUICK, VIOLENT AND UNFAIR. IT IS DECISIVE, EVEN PRE-EMPTIVE, AT THE EXPENSE OF PROTOCOL AND POSTURING. IT PUTS A PREMIUM ON BEING **SNEAKY RATHER THAN COURAGEOUS. IT IS** NOT AT ALL GLORIOUS, BECAUSE IT TYPICALLY FLEES FROM THE EN'S **STRENGTH.** IT TAKES ITS NAME FROM ITS **MOST COMMON PRACTICAL APPLICATION: OUT-MANOUEVRING THE OPPONENT.**

MANOEUVRE: 2 DEFNS

- a move made to gain a tactical end
- Synonyms 1: move, measure, steer, canalise, drive, deploy, navigate



MVRE (PHYSICAL / TACTICAL)



MVRE (Physical / Tactical)

"Emp of forces on the battlefd through mov in combination with fire potential, to achieve a posn of adv in respect to the en in order to accomplish a msn".

MANOEUVRE: 2 DEFNS

- a move made to gain a tactical end
- Synonyms 1: move, measure, steer, ca drive, navigate, deploy
- Synonyms 2: artifice, scheme, plot, plan, device, feint, twist, gambit, gimmick, intrigue, ploy, trick, ruse, fix, subterfuge, wangle, contrive, engineer, stratagem, orchestrate, machinate.

HINDI : CHAL, KAPAT, KOOT NITI, ---

THE

PHYSICAL

ASPECT

PSYCHOLOGICAL

ASPECT

MVRE (psychological)

- MVRE IS A STATE OF MIND THAT HAS APPLICATION AT ALL LEVELS OF WARFARE.
- > GOES BEYOND MOB AND MOV.
- MOB APPLIED TO PARALYSE EN'S MIND.
- > AIM OF MVRE IS TO GAIN A PSY ADVANTAGE OVER
 THE EN.
- APPLICATION OF MVRE AT A FASTER PACE THAN EN TO PARALYSE HIS MIND LED TO THE THEORY OF MVRE WARFARE.

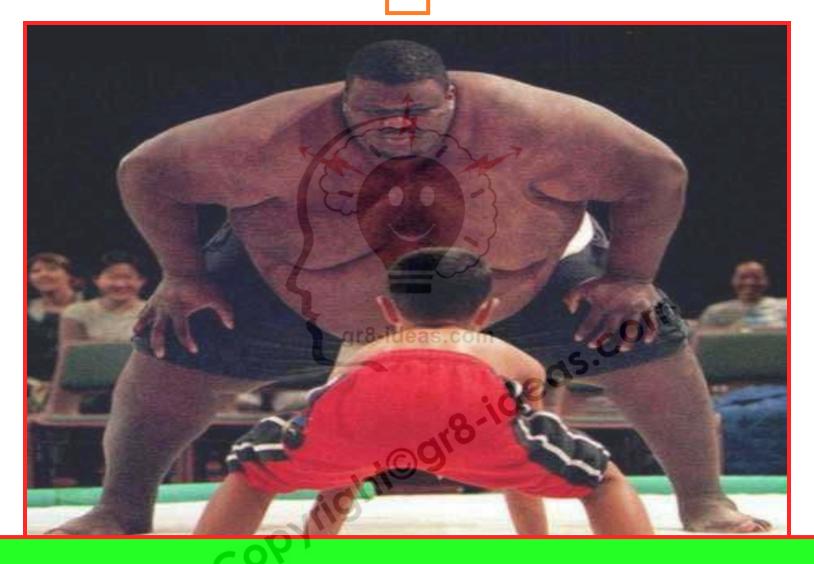
DEFNS: MANOEUVRE

THE PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECT

- 1. a contrived, complicated, and possibly deceptive plan or action
- 2. to scheme; intrigue

- 5. to contrive or accomplish in anipulation of a situation of a si one or a number of military or naval

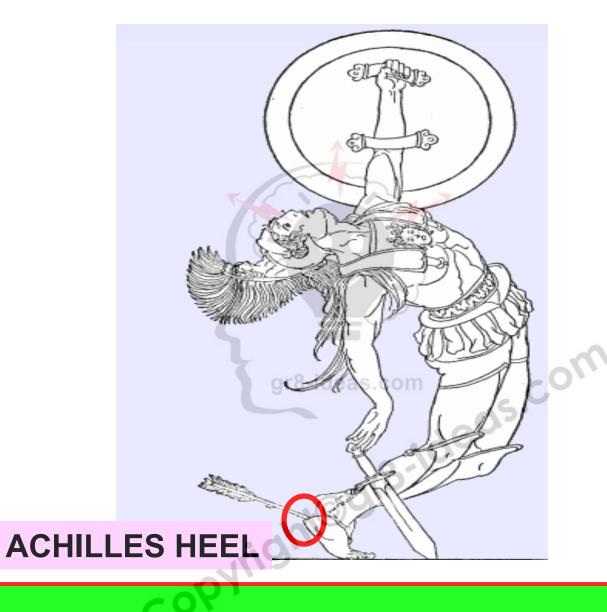
 - to perform a myre or myres / procedures / drills
 - 10. to move or deploy or be moved or deployed as military units, etc
 - 11. maneuvers, a series of tac exs usually carried out in the field by large bodies of troops in simulating the conditions of war.



"IT IS POSSIBLE FOR THE WEAKER SIDE TO DEFEAT THE STRONGER ONE"



"DAVID CAN DEFEAT GOLIATH"



"---- BY APPLYING STR ON WEAKNESS"



MVRE WARFARE: SOME DEFINITIONS

CobAilahioa.

MVRE WARFARE: DEFINITION

A term used by mil theorists for a concept of warfare that advocates attempting to defeat an adversary by incapacitating his decision-making through shock and disruption brought about by movement.

MYRE WARFARE



BREAK EN WILL TO FIGHT

CAUSE PSYCHOLOGICAL PARALYSIS

INCAPACITATING ENEMY'S DECISION MAKING



CREATING SITS FASTER THAN EN OODA LOOPS / DECISIONS

SHOCK & DISRUPTION



FAST, SUDDEN, UNEXPECTED, GEN IN THE EN DEPTH

Decision Making

- an outcome of mental processes leading to the selection of a course of action among several alternatives.
- every decision making process produces a <u>final choice</u>.
 This output can be an action or an opinion of choice.

Shock & Disruption

- the practice of defeating the en by attacking his COG / his chief vulnerability.
- aim is to avoid having to physically destroy the entire en force by direct attack but to render it inert by <u>attacking</u> its Achilles' Heel
- it must paralyze the en forces
 or the en cdr's mind

Movement

- movement by forces to gain advantageous position relative to the en, especially in the en's rear.
- the idea of using rapid movement to keep an en offbal is as old as war itself.
- changing technology (devp of cavalry and mech vehs) led to increased interest in mvre warfare.

MVRE W: DEFN

"MVRE WARFARE IS A WAR FIGHTING PHILOSOPHY THAT SEEKS TO SHATTER THE EN's PHYSICAL AND PSY COHESION THROUGH A SERIES OF RAPID AND UNEXPECTED ACTIONS WHICH CREATE A TURBULENT AND RAPIDLY DETERIORATING SIT WITH WHICH HE CANNOT COPE".

MVRE WARFARE: GLOSSARY OF MIL TERMS

"MYRE WARFARE EXPL MOB AND SPEED OF ACTION TO BREAK EN'S ORGANISATIONAL COHESION AND MORALE. IT AIMS AT THE APPLICATION OF OWN STR AGAINST SELECTED EN WEAKNESS. IT REQUIRES DECENTRALISED **CONT AND EXPECTS A CDR TO BE AUDACIOUS** WHILE OP IN A SIT HAVING A DEG OF UNCERTAINTY".



LET US NOW SEE THIS THEORY IN ACTION

Copyright@gr8-ide

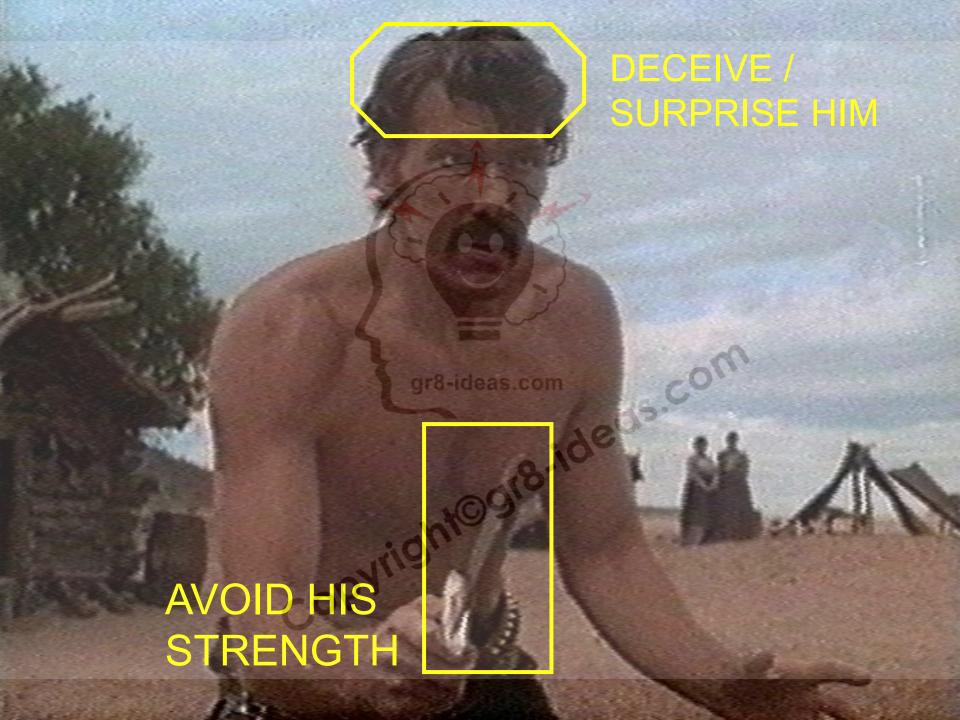


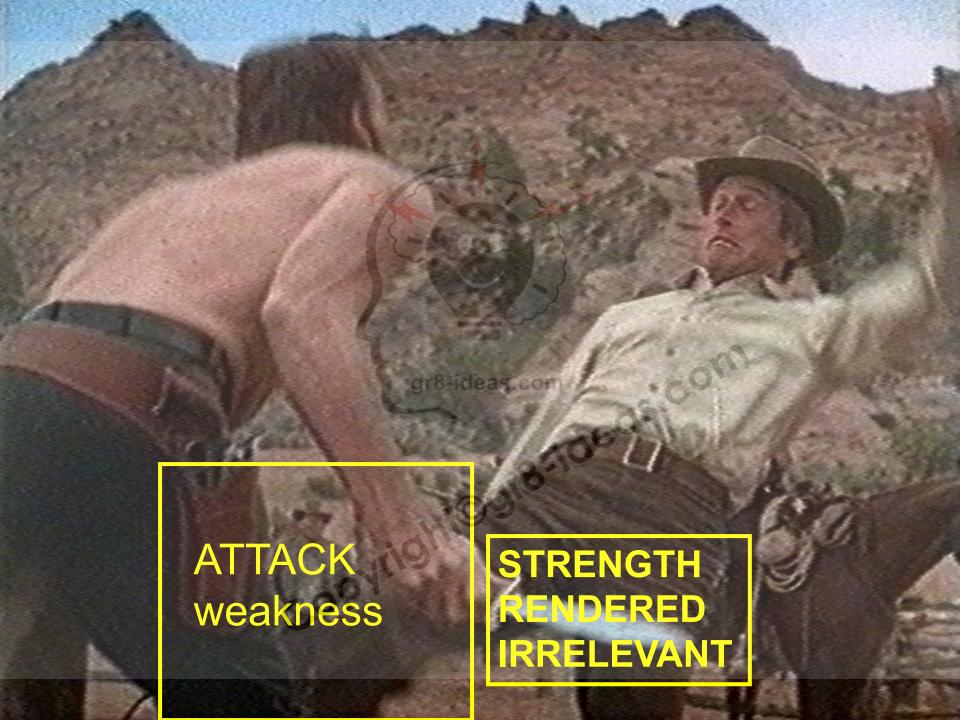
--- AND PAUL NEWMAN

He is thinking: --

- I am unarmed and he has a knife
- What should I do so that he does'nt kill / injure me?
- Let me try the mvre theory :
 - □ Can I win by not fighting? No.
 - □ Which is his No 1 vulnerability ? I must attack that in a flash, before he decides to take a jab at me.
 - □ I must use surprise and deception to shock and disrupt him. At the same time I must avoid his strength, the knife.

Ok, so here we go -----





PAUL WON BECAUSE HE KEPT IN MIND THE 5
BASIC PRINCIPLES OF MVRE W. YOU WOULD DO
WELL TO REMEMBER THEM TOO.

OTHERWISE, you may well be the one saying

WHY PAUL WON

- min attrition
- fast movement
- hit at COG
- use of shock tac
- shattered opponent's will
- made opponent's superiority in comb power redundant

